SAMPEL PERCUMA

Contoh Soalan IELTS 2026: Set Latihan 4 Kemahiran

Set penuh: IELTS 2026

Set latihan 4 kemahiran

Sampel ini: 8 muka surat. Set penuh ada:

- Speaking: 24 soalan Part 1, 10 cue card Part 2, 5 set Part 3 + jawapan model
- Penerangan dan tips dalam BM

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Sampel bermula di muka surat sebelah

Tentang Peperiksaan IELTS

IELTS (International English Language Testing System) ialah ujian kecekapan Bahasa Inggeris yang diiktiraf di seluruh dunia untuk tujuan belajar, bekerja atau berhijrah ke luar negara. Terdapat dua jenis: **Academic** (untuk kemasukan universiti) dan **General Training** (untuk migrasi/kerja). Set latihan ini disediakan dalam **format sebenar 4 kemahiran** supaya anda biasa dengan gaya soalan sebenar.

Kemahiran	Tempoh	Skala Skor
Listening	~30 minit	Band 1-9
Reading	60 minit	Band 1-9
Writing	60 minit	Band 1-9
Speaking	11-14 minit	Band 1-9

Apa yang ada dalam set ini

☑ 4 set petikan Reading (Academic style) + soalan format sebenar

☑ 3 set Writing Task 1 (Academic: graf/carta; General: surat) + jawapan model

☑ 3 set Writing Task 2 (esei Band 7-9) + jawapan model

☑ 3 set skrip latihan Listening + soalan pemahaman

☑ Latihan Speaking Part 1, 2 & 3 + jawapan model

☑ Panduan skala Band 1-9 & tip menjawab setiap kemahiran

☑ Jawapan lengkap di bahagian akhir

> Cara guna: Cetak set ini, cuba jawab dalam masa yang ditetapkan seperti ujian sebenar, kemudian semak jawapan anda dengan kunci jawapan di bahagian belakang.

Passage 2 — Coral Reefs Under Threat

Coral reefs, often called the rainforests of the sea, support roughly a quarter of all marine species despite covering less than one percent of the ocean floor. These ecosystems provide food, income and coastal protection for hundreds of millions of people worldwide, particularly in tropical coastal communities.

Rising ocean temperatures pose the most significant threat to coral survival. When water becomes too warm, corals expel the colourful algae living in their tissues, a process known as bleaching, which leaves the coral white and vulnerable to disease. If temperatures do not return to normal quickly, bleached corals can die within weeks. Ocean acidification, caused by increased carbon dioxide absorption, compounds this problem by making it harder for corals to build their calcium carbonate skeletons.

Conservation efforts have focused on multiple fronts: establishing marine protected areas, developing heat-resistant coral strains through selective breeding, and reducing local stressors such as pollution and overfishing. While these measures cannot address the root cause of rising global temperatures, scientists argue they buy valuable time for reefs to adapt, and in some cases, recover.

Comprehension Questions

1. What percentage of the ocean floor do coral reefs cover?
A. 25%
B. Less than 1%
C. 10%
D. 50%

2. What is coral bleaching caused by?
A. Cold water temperatures
B. Corals expelling algae due to warm water
C. Overfishing alone
D. Lack of sunlight

3. What does ocean acidification make harder for corals?
A. Reproducing
B. Building calcium carbonate skeletons
C. Swimming
D. Producing algae

4. Which of the following is a conservation strategy mentioned?
A. Ignoring pollution entirely
B. Developing heat-resistant coral strains
C. Removing all marine protected areas
D. Increasing overfishing

5. What do scientists say these conservation measures achieve?
A. They solve global warming completely
B. They buy time for reefs to adapt or recover
C. They have no effect at all
D. They only work in freshwater

Writing Task 2 — Set 2/3

60 minit · Essay Writing

Question

In many countries, more and more people are choosing to work from home rather than commute to an office. Do the advantages of this trend outweigh the disadvantages? Write at least 250 words.

Model Answer (Band 7-9)

The rise of remote work has transformed how millions of people approach their careers, and while it offers clear benefits, it also carries notable drawbacks.

Among the advantages, employees save significant time and money by eliminating daily commutes, time that can instead be spent with family or on personal development. Many workers also report greater flexibility in managing their schedules, which can improve work-life balance and overall job satisfaction. For employers, remote work can reduce office space costs and expand the talent pool beyond a single geographic location.

Nevertheless, remote work is not without its disadvantages. Many employees experience feelings of isolation without regular face-to-face interaction with colleagues, which can affect both mental well-being and spontaneous collaboration that often sparks creative ideas. Additionally, the boundary between work and personal life can blur, leading some employees to work longer hours than they would in a traditional office setting.

On balance, I believe the advantages outweigh the disadvantages for most employees, provided that companies actively address the risks of isolation through regular in-person meetings and clear boundaries around working hours. Remote work, when managed thoughtfully, offers a level of flexibility that benefits both employees and employers in the long run.

Writing Task 2 — Set 3/3

60 minit · Essay Writing

Question

Some people believe that unpaid community service should be a compulsory part of high school education. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Write at least 250 words.

Model Answer (Band 7-9)

The idea of making community service compulsory in high schools has gained attention as educators search for ways to develop well-rounded, socially responsible students. I largely agree with this proposal, though its implementation requires careful thought.

Firstly, compulsory community service exposes students to social issues and diverse groups of people they might not otherwise encounter, fostering empathy and a broader understanding of their community's needs. Students who volunteer at shelters, hospitals or environmental projects often develop practical skills, such as teamwork and communication, that complement their academic learning.

Furthermore, early exposure to volunteering has been shown to increase the likelihood that individuals continue civic engagement into adulthood, benefiting society as a whole in the long term.

However, making the activity compulsory rather than voluntary carries a risk: students forced to participate without genuine interest may treat the requirement as a mere formality, undermining its intended purpose. To address this, schools should offer a wide range of service options so that students can choose activities aligned with their own interests, increasing the likelihood of meaningful engagement rather than reluctant compliance.

In conclusion, compulsory community service can be a valuable part of high school education, provided schools implement it flexibly and thoughtfully rather than as a rigid, one-size-fits-all requirement.

Listening 2 — University Lecture — Introduction to Behavioural Economics

Note: This section is a transcript-based drill to familiarise you with IELTS Listening question style. Read the transcript as if you were hearing it, then answer the questions.

(Monologue — university lecturer)

"Today we begin our unit on behavioural economics, a field that challenges the traditional assumption that people always make rational financial decisions. One key concept we'll cover is 'loss aversion' — the idea that people feel the pain of losing money roughly twice as strongly as the pleasure of gaining an equivalent amount. This helps explain why investors often hold onto losing stocks for too long, hoping to avoid realising a loss.

Another important concept is the 'anchoring effect', where people rely too heavily on the first piece of information they receive when making decisions, even when that information is irrelevant. For example, showing a customer a high original price before a discount can make the discounted price seem like a better deal than it actually is.

Over the next few weeks, we will examine how these concepts apply to real-world situations, including consumer behaviour, retirement savings, and public policy design."

Comprehension Questions

1. What does behavioural economics challenge?

A. The idea that markets always crash
B. The assumption that people always make rational financial decisions
C. The existence of money
D. Traditional mathematics

2. According to loss aversion, how strongly do people feel the pain of losing money compared to gaining it?

A. Equally
B. Roughly twice as strongly
C. Ten times as strongly
D. Not at all

3. What is the anchoring effect?

A. Relying too heavily on the first piece of information received
B. Always choosing the cheapest option
C. Ignoring all information
D. A method of saving money

Speaking Part 1 — Introduction & Interview

4-5 minit · Warm-up Questions

Bahagian ini adalah soal jawab ringkas mengenai topik biasa seperti kerja, keluarga, hobi dan tempat tinggal.

Sample Questions & Model Answers

Q: Do you work or are you a student?
Model: "I'm currently a final-year university student majoring in business administration. I'm planning to start working in marketing once I graduate."

Q: What do you like to do in your free time?
Model: "I really enjoy photography — I like exploring the city on weekends looking for interesting scenes to photograph. It's a good way to relax and be creative outside of my studies."

Q: Is the place where you live a good place for young people?
Model: "Yes, quite good actually. There are plenty of cafes, parks and public transport options nearby, which makes it convenient and enjoyable for young people like myself."

> Tip: Extend your answers with a reason or example — a one-word answer will score poorly even if grammatically correct.

How Writing & Speaking Are Scored

Writing (4 criteria, equally weighted)

Criterion	What It Measures
Task Achievement/Response	Did you fully answer the question with relevant, developed ideas?
Coherence & Cohesion	Is your writing logically organised with clear linking words?
Lexical Resource	Range and accuracy of vocabulary used
Grammatical Range & Accuracy	Variety of sentence structures and grammatical accuracy

Speaking (4 criteria, equally weighted)

Criterion	What It Measures
Fluency & Coherence	Speaking at a natural pace without excessive hesitation
Lexical Resource	Range and appropriateness of vocabulary
Grammatical Range & Accuracy	Variety and accuracy of grammar used while speaking
Pronunciation	Clarity and ease of understanding for the listener

> Tip: Since all criteria are weighted equally, don't over-focus on grammar alone — coherence and vocabulary range matter just as much for a high band score.

Answer Key — Reading

Reading

Passage 1: 1=B, 2=B, 3=C, 4=C, 5=C

Passage 2: 1=B, 2=B, 3=B, 4=B, 5=B

Passage 3: 1=B, 2=B, 3=B, 4=A, 5=B

Passage 4: 1=A, 2=B, 3=B, 4=B, 5=B

TAMAT SAMPEL

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